Tintometer[®] Group Water Testing



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Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 14.11.2023

Version number 4 (replaces version 3)

Revision: 14.11.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- 1.1 Product identifier
- · Product name: Vario Monochlor F RGT
- · Catalog number: 00531819, 531810, 4531810, 00531811
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- · Application of the substance / the preparation: Reagent for water analysis
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- Supplier: Tintometer GmbH Schleefstraße 8-12 44287 Dortmund Made in Germany www.lovibond.com

The Tintometer Limited Lovibond[®]House Sun Rise Way Amesbury Wiltshire SP4 7GR United Kingdom

- Informing department: e-mail: sds@lovibond.com Product Safety Department
- **1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +44 1235 239670 Languages: English

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS05 corrosion

Skin Corr. 1AH314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.Eye Dam. 1H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

 2.2 Label elements
 Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.
 Hazard pictograms



· Signal word Danger

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Product name: Vario Monochlor F RGT

· Hazard-determining component		Contu. of page 1)
lithium hydroxide monohydrate		
sodium nitroprusside dihydrate		
 Hazard statements H302 Harmful if swallowed. 		
H314 Causes severe skin burns a	nd eve damage	
· Precautionary statements		
P260 Do not breathe	dust.	
P280 Wear protectiv	e gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.	
	ED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (0	r hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or sh inse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present a	ower.
do. Continue ri		and easy to
	concerned: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.	
	ve to treated immediately, as it may otherwise cause badly curing wounds.	
· Results of PBT and vPvB asses	sment	
	substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) of	or very
	ve (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 190	07/2006.
Determination of endocrine-dis		
	stances with endocrine disrupting properties.	
SECTION 3: Composition/	information on ingredients	
· 3.2 Mixtures		
· Description: Mixture of organic a	nd inorganic compounds	
· Dangerous components:		
CAS: 1310-66-3	lithium hydroxide monohydrate	20–30%
EINECS: 215-183-4	🔗 Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; 🚸 Acute Tox. 4, H302	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119560576-31-XXX>		
CAS: 90-01-7	salicyl alcohol	10–<20%
EINECS: 201-960-5	() Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335	10 50/
CAS: 13755-38-9 EINECS: 238-373-9	sodium nitroprusside dihydrate Acute Tox. 3, H301	≤2.5%
	vording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.	
SECTION 4: First aid meas	sures	
• 4.1 Description of first aid meas	sures nove any clothing soiled by the product.	
· After inhalation	nove any clothing solied by the product.	
Supply fresh air.		
Call a doctor immediately.		
After skin contact		
Instantly rinse with water.		
· After eye contact	essary. Failure to treat burns can prevent wounds from healing.	
	utes (at least 15 min) under running water.	
Call a doctor immediately.		
· After swallowing		
Rinse out mouth and then drink 1-		
Do not induce vomiting; instantly o		
	nd effects, both acute and delayed:	
burns after inhalation:		
Possible damages: damage of res	spiratory tract	
mucosal irritations, cough, shortne		
after swallowing:		
strong caustic effect.		
sickness vomiting		
diarrhoea		
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after absorption of large amounts: headache	
dizziness	
CNS disorders	
drop in blood pressure	
cramps	
ataxia (impaired locomotor coordination)	
disorder of electrolyte balance	
Danger	
Danger of system failure.	
Danger of pulmonary oedema.	
4.3 Indication of any immediate medica	а

• **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:** If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs Subsequent observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema

S	ECT	ION	5:	Firefi	aht	ina	measu	ires

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.
- For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents
- Water

--> Aqueous solution reacts strongly alkaline.

- If possible use dry extinguishing agents.
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

mixture with combustible ingredients

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

Can be released in case of fire:

nitrous gases

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

cyanide compounds, sodium monoxide

- LiOx
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear full protective suit. • Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid substance contact.

Ensure adequate ventilation

Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

- Advice for emergency responders: Protective equipment: see section 8
- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
- Ensure adequate ventilation. Collect mechanically.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for information on disposal.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

• Advice on safe handling: Prevent formation of dust. Provide suction extractors if dust is formed.

· Hygiene measures:

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Do not inhale dust / smoke / mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Requirements to be met by storerooms and containers:
- Store in cool location.
- Store only in the original container. • Information about storage in one common storage facility: Do not store together with acids.
- Store away from oxidising agents.
- Further information about storage conditions:
- Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers.
- Protect from heat and direct sunlight.
- Protect from the effects of light.
- Protect from humidity and keep away from water. This product is hygroscopic.
- Recommended storage temperature: 20°C +/- 5°C
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

· DNELs

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

CAS: 131	CAS: 1310-66-3 lithium hydroxide monohydrate		
Oral	DNEL	12.4 mg/kg (Consumer / acute / systemic effects)	
		4.13 mg/kg /bw/d (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)	
Dermal	DNEL	100 mg/kg /bw/d (Worker / acute / systemic effects)	
		41.35 mg/kg /bw/d (Worker / long-term /systemic effects)	
		50 mg/kg /bw/d (Consumer / acute / systemic effects)	
		41.35 mg/kg /bw/d (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)	
Inhalative	DNEL	30 mg/m³ (Worker / acute / systemic effects)	
		10 mg/m³ (Worker / long-term /systemic effects)	
		18.63 mg/m³ (Consumer / acute / systemic effects)	
		6.21 mg/m³ (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)	

Recommended monitoring procedures:

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norms DIN EN 482 and DIN EN 689.

· PNECs

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

CAS: 1310-66-3 lithium hydroxide monohydrate				
PNEC	79.2 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant)			
	0.23 mg/l (Marine water)			
	2.3 mg/l (Fresh water)			
PNEC	28.22 mg/kg (Soil)			
	15.3 mg/kg (Marine sediment)			
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153 mg/kg (Fresh water sediment)
· Additional information: The lists that were valid during the compilation were used as basis.
· 8.2 Exposure controls
 Engineering measures: Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. See item 7.
 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled. Eye/face protection Tightly sealed safety glasses. Use safety glasses that have been tested and approved in accordance with government standards such as EN 166. Hand protection Protective gloves. After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics. Material of gloves nitrile rubber, NBR Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.11 mm Penetration time of glove material Value for the permeation: Level = 1 (< 10 min) The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed. Other skin protection (body protection): Protective work clothing. Breathing equipment: Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.
 Recommended filter device for short term use: Filter P3 Environmental exposure controls Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

• 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical pro	nerties
· Physical state	Solid.
· Form:	Powder
· Colour:	Light beige
· Odour:	Odourless
Odour threshold:	Not applicable.
Melting point/Freezing point:	Not determined.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling ran	ge Not determined.
Flammability	mixture with combustible ingredients
· Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive.
Lower and upper explosion limit	
Lower:	Not applicable.
Upper:	Not applicable.
Flash point:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not applicable (solid).
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
[.] pH (26.6 g/l) at 20°C	12.2
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable (solid).
· Solubility	
· Water:	Soluble
 Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) 	Not applicable (mixture).
· Vapour pressure:	Not applicable.
Density and/or relative density	
· Density:	Not determined.
· Relative density:	Not determined.
· Relative gas density	Not applicable (solid).
· Particle characteristics	Not determined.
· 9.2 Other information	
· Information with regard to physical hazard classes	
· Corrosive to metals	Void
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		(Contd. of page 5)
 Other safety characteristics Oxidising properties: Additional information 	none	
· Solids content:	100 %	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity see section 10.3
- · 10.2 Chemical stability Stable at ambient temperature (room temperature).
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
- Aqueous solution reacts alkaline.
- Aqueous solution reacts with metals.
- Contact with acids releases toxic gases
- Reacts with light alloys in the presence of moisture to form hydrogen
- Corrodes aluminium Reacts with acids releasing Hydrogen cyanide (prussic acid).
- Reacts with oxidizing agents 10.4 Conditions to avoid
- To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.
- Exposure to moisture.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials:
- organic substances
- aluminium
- zinc
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:
- hydrogen cyanide (prussic acid HCN)
- In case of fire: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Classification according to calculation procedure:

Harmful if swallowed. Acute toxicity estimate (ATE_(MIX)) - Calculation method:

Oral CLP ATE_(MIX) 1881 mg/kg (.)

· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

CAS: 131	0-66-3	lithium hydroxide monohydrate
Oral		578 mg/kg (rat) (Registrant, ECHA) Acute toxicity data are available for oral route of exposure: LD50 (rat, oral): female: 210 mg/kg bw; male: 280 mg/kg bw, both for lithium hydroxide anhydrous. As these values are most likely linked to local tissue damage due to the corrosiveness of the substance and are not only a result of "primary" systemic toxicity the LD50 oral of lithium chloride and lithium carbonate were taken into account after conversion. A LD50 value of 330 mg/kg bw(anhydrous) resp. 578 mg/kg bw (monohydrate) were found to reflect properly the systemic toxicity of the corrosive substance lithium hydroxide.
Dermal	LD50.	>2000 mg/kg (rat) (Registrant, ECHA)
Inhalative	LC50	>6.15 mg/l /4h (rat) (Registrant, ECHA)
CAS: 137	55-38-9	sodium nitroprusside dihydrate
Oral	LD50	99 mg/kg (rat) (RTECS, anhydrous substance)

· Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Risk of blindness!

· Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. • STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Additional toxicological information:

The following applies to cyanogen compounds/nitriles in general: Extreme caution! Hydrogen cyanide release possible -Blockage of cell respiration. Cardiovascular disorders, shortness of breath, unconsciousness.

The following applies to soluble iron compounds: nausea and vomiting after swallowing. The absorption of large quantities is followed by cardiovascular disorders. Toxic effect on liver and kidneys.

The following applies to lithium compounds in general:

SECTION 12: Ecological information

after absorption: CNS disorders, ataxia (impaired locomotor coordination) due to disturbed electrolyte balance

Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach. • 11.2 Information on other hazards

- · Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · Other information

According to the information available to us, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of the substances mentioned in Chapter 3 have not been thoroughly investigated.

CAS: 1	310-66-3 lithium hydroxide monohydrate			
	33.5 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna)			
	without pH-adjustment			
NOEC	17.35 mg/l /34d (zebrafish)			
	4 mg/l /21d (Daphnia magna)			
	10 mg/l /72h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)			
EC50	153.44 mg/l/72h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)			
LC50	109 mg/l/96h (zebrafish)			
CAS: 1	3755-38-9 sodium nitroprusside dihydrate			
EC50 1 mg/l/24h (Daphnia magna)				
LC50	0.05 mg/l (fish)			
The foll fish tox Toxic for the follo toxic as lethal a 12.2 Pe 12.3 Bi Pow = log Pov	wing applies to dissolved iron compounds in general: s from 0.9 mg/l at pH 6.5 - 7.5 s from 1.0 mg/l at pH 5.5 - 6.7 ersistence and degradability No further relevant information available. oaccumulative potential n-octanol/wasser partition coefficient v < 1 = Does not accumulate in organisms.			
	0-01-7 salicyl alcohol			
log Pov	v 0.73 (experimental) (Merck)			

persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

- **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties** The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- 12.7 Other adverse effects

Harmful effect due to pH shift.

Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted. Avoid transfer into the environment. (Contd. of page 6)

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· Water hazard:

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into soil.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue

16 05 06* laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals

· Uncleaned packagings:

· Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

· Recommended cleaning agent: Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

· 14.1 UN number or ID number		
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN2680	
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name		
ADR	2680 LITHIUM HYDROXIDE mixture	
· IMDG, IATA	LITHIUM HYDROXIDE mixture	
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR		
· Class	8 (C6) Corrosive substances.	
Label	8	
Class	8 Corrosive substances.	
· Label	8	
· 14.4 Packing group		
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	ll	
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.	
^{14.6} Special precautions for user	Warning: Corrosive substances.	
Kemler Number:	80	
EMS Number:	F-A,S-B	
· Segregation groups	(SGG18) Alkalis	
Stowage Category		
· Segregation Code	SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids	
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according	g to IMO Not applicable.	
instruments		

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 Transport/Additional information: 		
 ADR Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) 	1 kg Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 g Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 g	
 Transport category Tunnel restriction code 	2 E	
 IMDG Limited quantities (LQ) Excepted quantities (EQ) 	1 kg Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 g Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 g	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Poisons Act UK
Regulated explosives precursors
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Regulated poisons
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Reportable explosives precursors
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Reportable poisons
None of the ingredients is listed.
• Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not regulated
Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)
None of the ingredients is listed.
 Regulation (EC) No 1334/2000 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports of dual-use items and technology:
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors
None of the ingredients is listed.
Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer:
None of the ingredients is listed.
· REGULATION (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (POP)
None of the ingredients is listed.
· LIST OF SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO AUTHORISATION (ANNEX XIV)
None of the ingredients is listed.

· Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57

This product does not contain any substances of very high concern above the legal concentration limit of $\ge 0.1\%$ (w / w). Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to UK REACH

This product does not contain any substances of very high concern above the legal concentration limit of $\ge 0.1\%$ (w / w).

· Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

· Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

· Information about limitation of use: Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed (94/33/EC).

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GB

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

These data are based on our present knowledge. However, they shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

This Safety Data Sheets is in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 31 as amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

• Training hints Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Relevant phrases

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H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

STOT: specific target organ toxicity

SE: single exposure

RE: repeated exposure EC50: half maximal effective concentration

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

NOEL or NOEC: No Observed Effect Level or Concentration

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (ÚK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern

VPVB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Skin Corr. 14: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

Sources

Data arise from safety data sheets, reference works and literature. ECHA: European CHemicals Agency http://echa.europa.eu RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

** Data compared to the previous version altered.