

**Chlorine 10 T****M98****0.1 - 6 mg/L Cl₂****DPD****Instrument specific information**

The test can be performed on the following devices. In addition, the required cuvette and the absorption range of the photometer are indicated.

Instrument Type	Cuvette	λ	Measuring Range
SpectroDirect, XD 7000, XD 7500	□ 10 mm	510 nm	0.1 - 6 mg/L Cl ₂

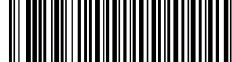
Material

Required material (partly optional):

Reagents	Packaging Unit	Part Number
DPD No. 1	Tablet / 100	511050BT
DPD No. 1	Tablet / 250	511051BT
DPD No. 1	Tablet / 500	511052BT
DPD No. 3	Tablet / 100	511080BT
DPD No. 3	Tablet / 250	511081BT
DPD No. 3	Tablet / 500	511082BT
DPD No. 1 High Calcium ^{e)}	Tablet / 100	515740BT
DPD No. 1 High Calcium ^{e)}	Tablet / 250	515741BT
DPD No. 1 High Calcium ^{e)}	Tablet / 500	515742BT
DPD No. 3 High Calcium ^{e)}	Tablet / 100	515730BT
DPD No. 3 High Calcium ^{e)}	Tablet / 250	515731BT
DPD No. 3 High Calcium ^{e)}	Tablet / 500	515732BT
DPD No. 4	Tablet / 100	511220BT
DPD No. 4	Tablet / 250	511221BT
DPD No. 4	Tablet / 500	511222BT
DPD No. 3 Evo	Tablet / 100	511420BT
DPD No. 3 Evo	Tablet / 250	511421BT
DPD No. 3 Evo	Tablet / 500	511422BT
DPD No. 4 Evo	Tablet / 100	511970BT
DPD No. 4 Evo	Tablet / 250	511971BT
DPD No. 4 Evo	Tablet / 500	511972BT

Available Standards

Title	Packaging Unit	Part Number
ValidCheck Chlorine 1,5 mg/l	1 pc.	48105510



Application List

- Waste Water Treatment
- Disinfection Control
- Boiler Water
- Cooling Water
- Raw Water Treatment
- Pool Water Control
- Drinking Water Treatment

Sampling

1. When preparing the sample, Chlorine outgassing, e.g. through the pipette or shaking, must be avoided.
2. The analysis must take place immediately after taking the sample.

Preparation

1. Cleaning of vials:
As many household cleaners (e.g. dishwasher detergent) contain reducing substances, this can lead to lower results with the determination of Chlorine. To avoid measurement errors, the glassware used should be free of chlorine consumption. To achieve this, all glassware should be placed in a sodium hypochlorite solution (0.1 g/L) for one hour and then rinsed thoroughly with deionised water.
2. For individual testing of free and total Chlorine, the use of different sets of glassware is recommended (EN ISO 7393-2, 5.3)
3. The DPD colour development is carried out at a pH value of 6.2 to 6.5. The reagents therefore contain a buffer for the pH adjustment. Strong alkaline or acidic water samples must therefore be adjusted between pH 6 and pH 7 before the analysis (use 0.5 mol/l Sulphuric acid or 1 mol/l Sodium hydroxide).

Notes

1. Variations in the length of the vial can extend the measuring range:
 - 10 mm vial: 0.1 mg/L - 6 mg/L, solution: 0.01
 - 20 mm vial: 0.05 mg/L - 3 mg/L, solution: 0.01
 - 50 mm vial: 0.02 mg/L - 1.2 mg/L, solution: 0.001
2. EVO tablets can be used as an alternative to the corresponding standard tablet (e.g. DPD No. 3 EVO instead of DPD No. 3).



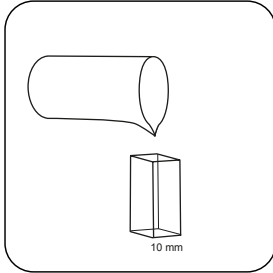


Determination of Chlorine free with tablet

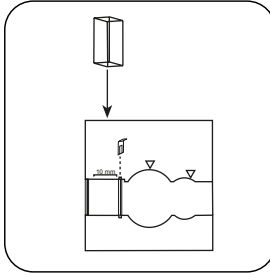
Select the method on the device.

In addition, choose the test: free

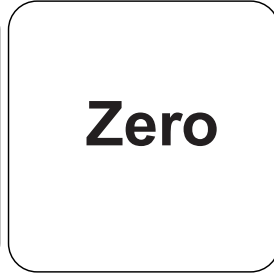
For this method, a ZERO measurement does not have to be carried out every time on the following devices: XD 7000, XD 7500



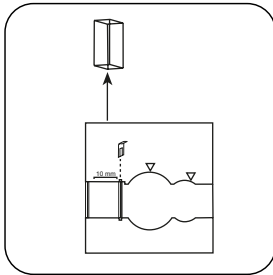
Fill 10 mm vial with sample.



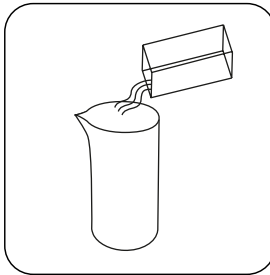
Place **sample vial** in the sample chamber. • Pay attention to the positioning.



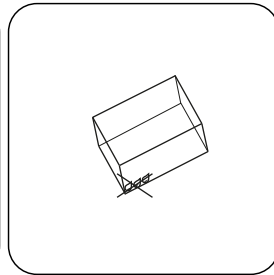
Press the **ZERO** button.



Remove **vial** from the sample chamber.

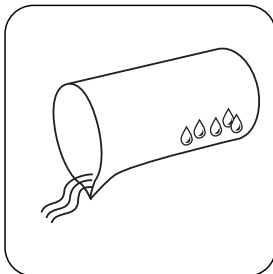


Empty vial.

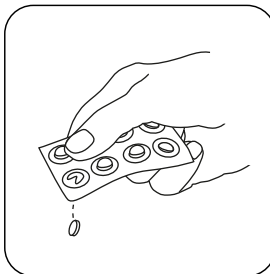


Dry the vial thoroughly.

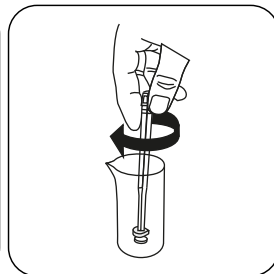
For devices that require **no ZERO measurement** , **start here**.



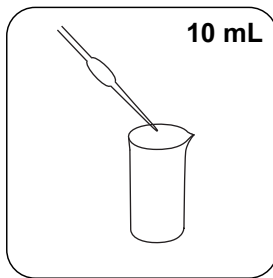
Rinse a beaker **with the sample and empty it, leaving a few drops remaining** in the beaker.



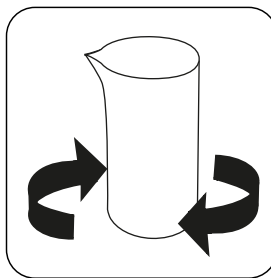
Add **DPD No. 1 tablet** .



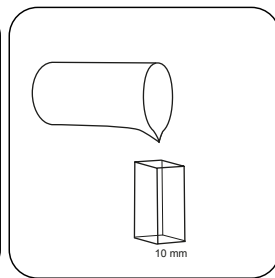
Crush tablet(s) by rotating slightly.



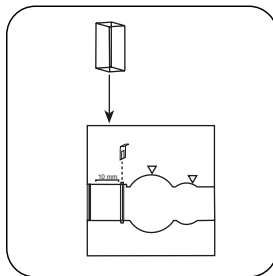
Add **10 mL sample**.



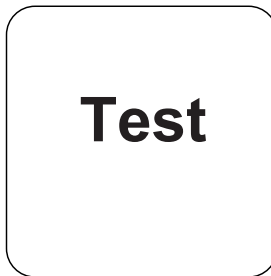
Dissolve tablet(s) by
inverting.



Fill **10 mm vial with sample**.



Place **sample vial** in the
sample chamber. • Pay
attention to the positioning.



Press the **TEST** (XD:
START) button.

Once the reaction period is finished, the measurement takes place automatically.
The result in mg/L free chlorine appears on the display.

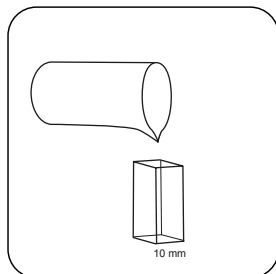


Determination of Chlorine total with tablet

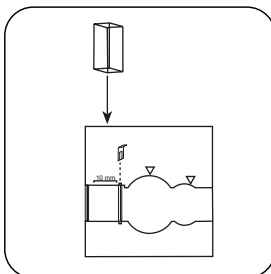
Select the method on the device.

In addition, choose the test: total

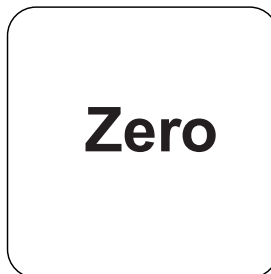
For this method, a ZERO measurement does not have to be carried out every time on the following devices: XD 7000, XD 7500



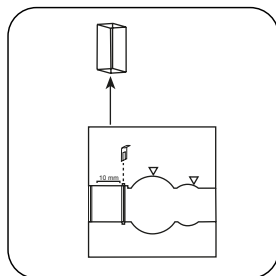
Fill 10 mm vial with sample.



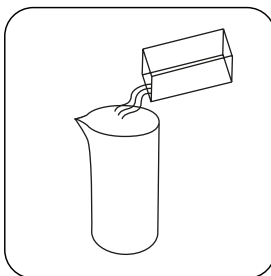
Place **sample vial** in the sample chamber. • Pay attention to the positioning.



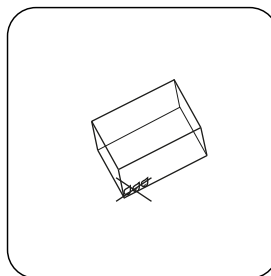
Press the **ZERO** button.



Remove **vial** from the sample chamber.

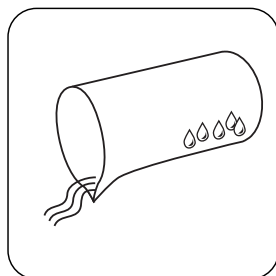


Empty vial.

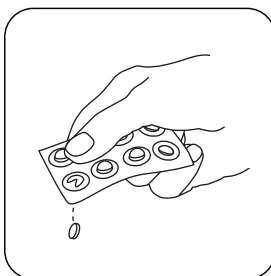


Dry the vial thoroughly.

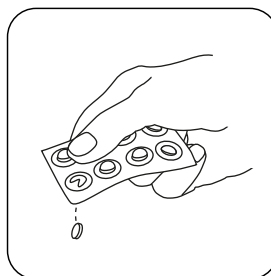
For devices that require **no ZERO measurement** , **start here**.



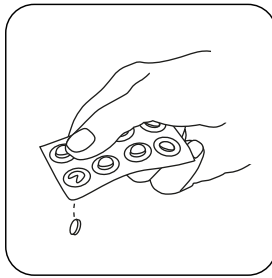
Rinse a beaker **with the sample and empty it, leaving a few drops remaining** in the beaker.



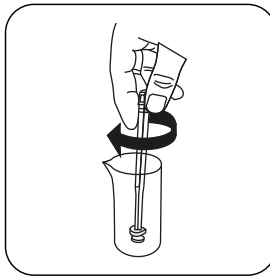
Add **DPD No. 1 tablet** .



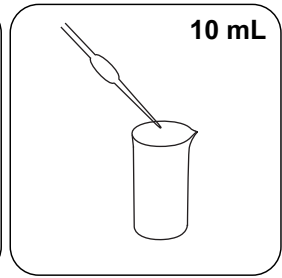
Add **DPD No. 3 tablet** .



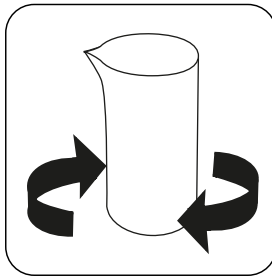
As an alternative to DPD No. 1 and No. 3 tablets, a DPD No. 4 tablet can be added.



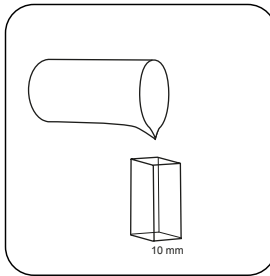
Crush tablet(s) by rotating slightly.



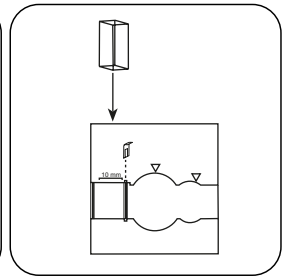
Add **10 mL sample**.



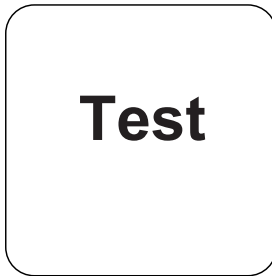
Dissolve tablet(s) by inverting.



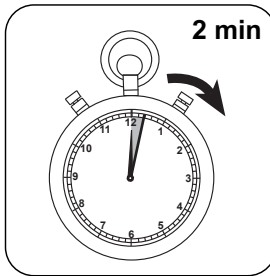
Fill **10 mm vial** with sample.



Place **sample vial** in the sample chamber. • Pay attention to the positioning.



Press the **TEST** (XD: **START**) button.



Wait for **2 minute(s) reaction time**.

Once the reaction period is finished, the measurement takes place automatically.

The result in mg/L total Chlorine appears on the display.

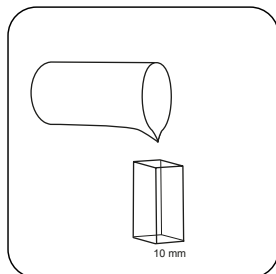


Determination of Chlorine differentiated with tablet

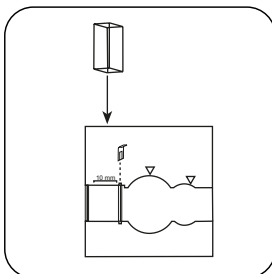
Select the method on the device.

In addition, choose the test: differentiated

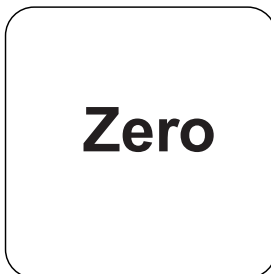
For this method, a ZERO measurement does not have to be carried out every time on the following devices: XD 7000, XD 7500



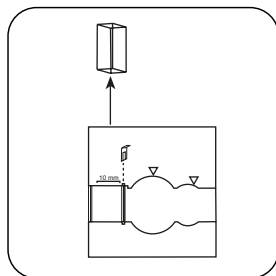
Fill 10 mm vial with sample.



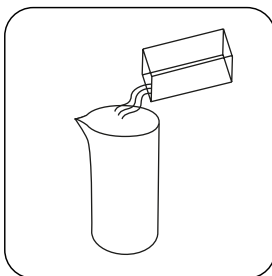
Place **sample vial** in the sample chamber. • Pay attention to the positioning.



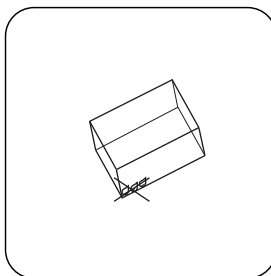
Press the **ZERO** button.



Remove **vial** from the sample chamber.

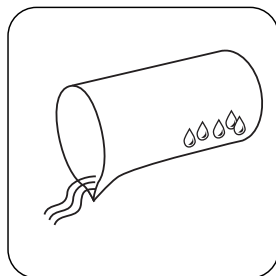


Empty vial.

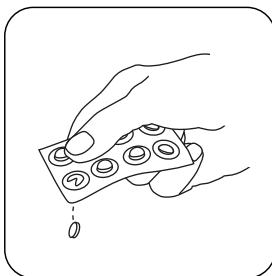


Dry the vial thoroughly.

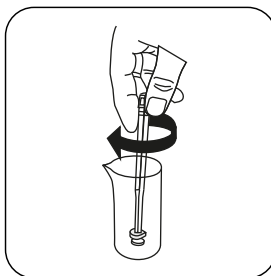
For devices that require **no ZERO measurement**, start here.



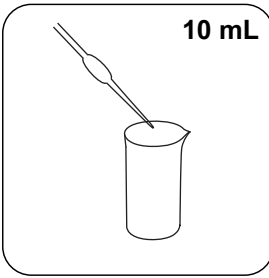
Rinse a beaker **with the sample and empty it, leaving a few drops remaining** in the beaker.



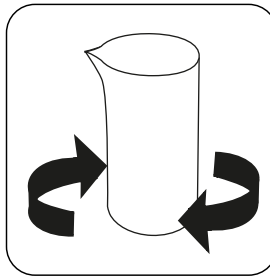
Add **DPD No. 1 tablet**.



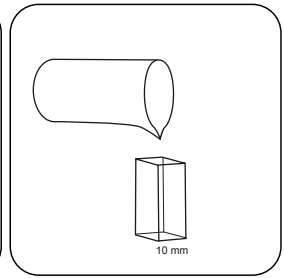
Crush tablet(s) by rotating slightly.



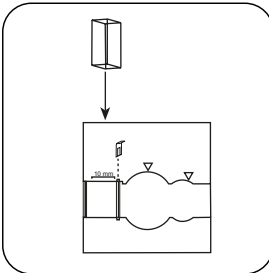
Add **10 mL sample**.



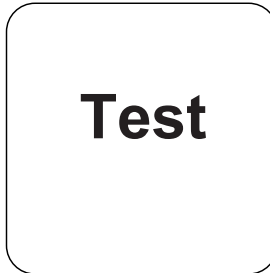
Dissolve tablet(s) by inverting.



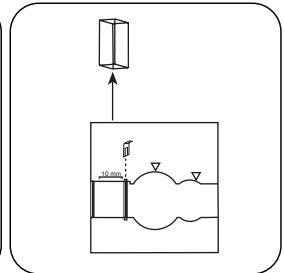
Fill **10 mm vial with sample**.



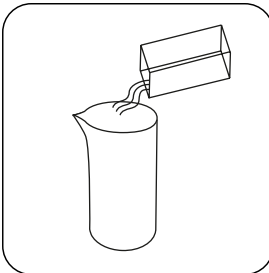
Place **sample vial** in the sample chamber. • Pay attention to the positioning.



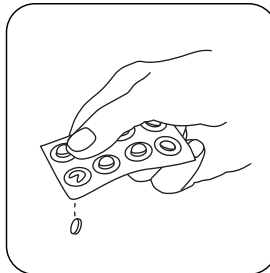
Press the **TEST (XD: START)** button.



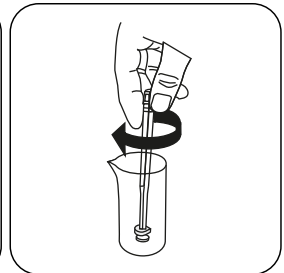
Remove **vial** from the sample chamber.



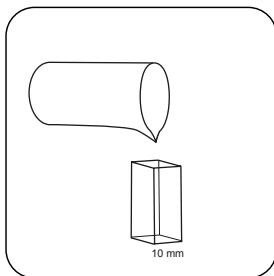
Return the sample solution completely to the sample vessel.



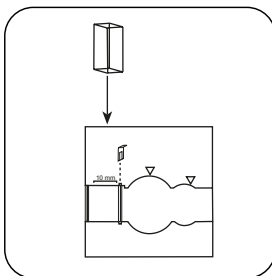
Add **DPD No. 3 tablet** .



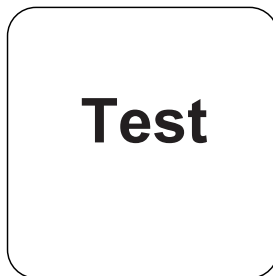
Crush tablet(s) by rotating slightly and dissolve.



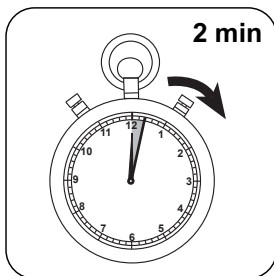
Fill **10 mm vial** with **sample**.



Place **sample vial** in the sample chamber. • Pay attention to the positioning.



Press the **TEST** (XD: **START**) button.



Wait for **2 minute(s) reaction time**.

Once the reaction period is finished, the measurement takes place automatically.

The result in mg/L free chlorine; mg/l combined Chlor; mg/l total chlorine appears on the display.

Chemical Method

DPD

Appendix

Calibration function for 3rd-party photometers

Conc. = a + b•Abs + c•Abs² + d•Abs³ + e•Abs⁴ + f•Abs⁵

	□ 10 mm
a	-7.25624 • 10 ⁻²
b	4.18101 • 10 ⁺⁰
c	-1.3065 • 10 ⁺⁰
d	1.84562 • 10 ⁺⁰
e	
f	

Interferences

Persistent Interferences

- All oxidising agents in the samples react like chlorine, which leads to higher results.

Removeable Interferences

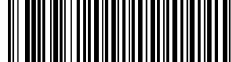
- Interference from Copper and Iron (III) are eliminated by the addition of EDTA.
- The use of reagent tablets in samples with high Calcium content* and/or high conductivity* can lead to turbidity of the sample and therefore incorrect measurements. In this case, the alternative reagent tablet DPD No. 1 High Calcium and reagent tablet DPD No. 3 High Calcium should be used.
*it is not possible to give exact values, because the development of turbidity depends on the composition and nature of the sample.
- Concentrations above 10 mg/L Chlorine, in the event of using fluid reagents, can lead to results within the measuring range of up to 0 mg/L. In this case, the sample must be diluted with chlorine-free water. 10 ml of the diluted sample should be mixed with the reagent and the measurement taken again (plausibility test).

Bibliography

Photometrische Analyseverfahren, Schwedt, Wissenschaftliche Verlagsgesellschaft mbH, Stuttgart, 1989

According to

EN ISO 7393-2



^{a)} alternative reagent, used instead of DPD No.1/No.3 in case of turbidity in the water sample caused by high concentration of calcium and/or high conductivity